

# **2.5" PCIe SSD 920-D**

# **Datasheet**

**(SQF-C25xx-xxxGDECx)**

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## Revision History

Rev.	Date	History
0.1	2021/11/5	1. Preliminary release
0.2	2022/1/21	1. Added performance
0.3	2022/1/27	1. Added Safety Instruction

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**Safety Instructions**

1. Read these safety instructions carefully.
2. Keep this User Manual for later reference.
3. Disconnect this equipment from any AC outlet before cleaning. Use a damp cloth. Do not use liquid or spray detergents for cleaning.
4. For plug-in equipment, the power outlet socket must be located near the equipment and must be easily accessible.
5. Keep this equipment away from humidity.
6. Put this equipment on a reliable surface during installation. Dropping it or letting it fall may cause damage.
7. The openings on the enclosure are for air convection. Protect the equipment from overheating. **DO NOT COVER THE OPENINGS.**
8. Make sure the voltage of the power source is correct before connecting the equipment to the power outlet.
9. Position the power cord so that people cannot step on it. Do not place anything over the power cord.
10. All cautions and warnings on the equipment should be noted.
11. If the equipment is not used for a long time, disconnect it from the power source to avoid damage by transient overvoltage.
12. Never pour any liquid into an opening. This may cause fire or electrical shock.
13. Never open the equipment. For safety reasons, the equipment should be opened only by qualified service personnel.
14. If one of the following situations arises, get the equipment checked by service personnel:
  - The power cord or plug is damaged.
  - Liquid has penetrated the equipment.
  - The equipment has been exposed to moisture.
  - The equipment does not work well, or you cannot get it to work according to the user's manual.
  - The equipment has been dropped and damaged.
  - The equipment has obvious signs of breakage.
15. **DO NOT LEAVE THIS EQUIPMENT IN AN ENVIRONMENT WHERE THE STORAGE TEMPERATURE MAY GO BELOW -20° C (-4° F) OR ABOVE 60° C (140° F). THIS COULD DAMAGE THE EQUIPMENT. THE EQUIPMENT SHOULD BE IN A CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT.**
16. **CAUTION: DANGER OF EXPLOSION IF BATTERY IS INCORRECTLY REPLACED. REPLACE ONLY WITH THE SAME OR EQUIVALENT TYPE RECOMMENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER, DISCARD USED BATTERIES ACCORDING TO THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS.**

**Consignes de sécurité**

1. Lisez attentivement ces instructions de sécurité.
2. Conservez ce manuel pour référence ultérieure.
3. Débranchez cet appareil de toute prise secteur avant le nettoyage. Utilisez un chiffon humide. Ne pas utiliser de détergents liquides ou en aérosol pour le nettoyage
4. Pour les équipements enfichables, la prise de courant doit être située près de l'équipement et doit être facilement accessible.
5. Gardez cet équipement à l'abri de l'humidité.
6. Placez cet équipement sur une surface fiable lors de l'installation. Le laisser tomber ou le laisser tomber peut causer des dommages.
7. Les ouvertures sur l'enceinte sont destinées à la convection de l'air. Protégez l'équipement de la surchauffe. **NE COUVREZ PAS LES OUVERTURES.**
8. Assurez-vous que la tension de la source d'alimentation est correcte avant de connecter l'équipement à la prise de courant.
9. Positionnez le cordon d'alimentation de sorte que personne ne puisse marcher dessus. Ne placez rien sur le cordon d'alimentation.
10. Toutes les mises en garde et avertissements sur l'équipement doivent être notés..
11. Si l'appareil n'est pas utilisé pendant une longue période, débranchez-le de la source d'alimentation pour éviter tout dommage dû à une surtension transitoire.
12. Ne jamais verser de liquide dans une ouverture. Cela pourrait provoquer un incendie ou un choc électrique.
13. N'ouvrez jamais l'équipement. Pour des raisons de sécurité, l'équipement ne doit être ouvert que par du personnel qualifié.
14. Si l'une des situations suivantes se produit, faites vérifier l'équipement par le personnel de service:!
  - Le cordon d'alimentation ou la fiche est endommagé Liquid has penetrated the equipment.
  - L'équipement a été exposé à l'humidité.
  - L'équipement ne fonctionne pas bien ou vous ne pouvez pas le faire fonctionner conformément au manuel d'utilisation..
  - L'équipement est tombé et endommagé..
  - L'équipement présente des signes évidents de rupture.
15. **NE PAS LAISSER CET APPAREIL DANS UN ENVIRONNEMENT O LA TEMPÉRATURE DE STOCKAGE PEUT ÊTRE INFÉRIEURE À -20 ° C (-4 ° F) OU SUPÉRIEURE À 60 ° C (140 ° F). CELA POURRAIT ENDOMMAGER L'ÉQUIPEMENT. L'ÉQUIPEMENT DOIT ÊTRE DANS UN ENVIRONNEMENT CONTRÔLÉ.**
16. **ATTENTION: DANGER D'EXPLOSION EN CAS DE REMPLACEMENT INCORRECT DE LA PILE. REMPLACEZ UNIQUEMENT AVEC LE MÊME TYPE OU LE TYPE ÉQUIVALENT RECOMMANDÉ PAR LE FABRICANT, DÉJETTEZ LES PILES UTILISÉES SELON LES INSTRUCTIONS DU FABRICANT.**

Specifications subject to change without notice, contact your sales representatives for the most update information.

## **1. Overview**

Advantech SQFlash 920-D series 2.5" PCIe SSD (Solid State Drive) delivers all the advantages of flash disk technology with PCIe Gen3 x4 interface, including being compliant with standard 2.5-inch form factor and SFF-8639 connector. The device is designed based on the standard 38-pin interface for data segment and 15-pin for power segment, as well as operating at a maximum operating frequency of 200MHz with 25MHz external crystal. Its capacity could provide a wide range up to 7.6TB. Moreover, it can reach up to 3,200MB/s read as well as 3,000MB/s write high performance based on Kioxia 112-layer 3D TLC Flash.

## **2. Features**

### **■ PCIe Interface**

- Compliant with NVMe1.3
- Compatible with PCIe I/II/III x4 interface
- Support up to queue depth 64K
- Support power management

### **■ Operating Voltage : 12.0V**

### **■ Support LDPC with RAID ECC**

### **■ AES256 、TCG-OPAL 、TRIM 、AHCI supported**

### **■ Hardware Quick Erase supported (optional)**

### **■ Voltage Stabilizer supported (optional)**

### **■ Temperature Ranges<sup>1</sup>**

- Commercial Temperature
  - 0°C to 70°C for operating
  - -40°C to 85°C for storage
- Industrial Temperature
  - -40°C to 85°C for operating
  - -40°C to 85°C for storage

\*Note : 1. Based on SMART Attribute (Byte index [2 :1] of PCIe-SIG standard, which measured by thermal sensor

### **■ Mechanical Specification**

- Shock : 1,500G / 0.5ms
- Vibration : 20G / 80~2,000Hz

### **■ Humidity**

- Humidity : up to 95% on 40°C

### **■ Acquired RoHS 、WHQL 、CE 、FCC Certificate**

### **■ Acoustic : 0 dB**

### **■ Dimension : 100.20 mm x 69.85 mm x 15 mm**

## 3. Specification Table

### ■ Performance

		Sequential (MB/sec)		Random (IOPS @4K)	
		Read	Write	Read	Write
3D TLC (BiCS5)	480 GB	3356.4	349.9	100K	80K
	960 GB	3428.9	752.8	240K	160K
	1920 GB	3358.2	1103.6	480K	240K
	3840 GB	3220.1	971.2	600K	200K
	7680 GB	3288.7	914.2	600K	200K

\* Performance measured by IOMeter with QD32, 8GB data pattern.

\* Burst off by default for enterprise application, adjustable depends on different application requirement.

### ■ Endurance

JEDEC defined an endurance rating TBW (TeraByte Written), following by the equation below, for indicating the number of terabytes a SSD can be written which is a measurement of SSDs' expected lifespan, represents the amount of data written to the device.

$$\text{TBW} = [(\text{NAND Endurance}) \times (\text{SSD Capacity})] / \text{WAF}$$

- **NAND Endurance:** Program / Erase cycle of a NAND flash.
  - SLC: 100,000 cycles
  - Ultra MLC: 30,000 cycles
  - MLC: 3,000 cycles
  - 3D TLC (BiCS3/ BiCS4/ BiCS5): 3,000 cycles
- **SSD Capacity:** SSD physical capacity in total of a SSD.
- **WAF:** Write Amplification Factor (WAF), as the equation shown below, is a numerical value representing the ratio between the amount of data that a SSD controller needs to write and the amount of data that the host's flash controller writes. A better WAF, which is near to 1, guarantees better endurance and lower frequency of data written to flash memory.

$$\text{WAF} = (\text{Lifetime write to flash}) / (\text{Lifetime write to host})$$

Endurance measurement is based on JEDEC 219 workload and verified with following workload conditions,

- PreCond%full = 100%
- Trim commands enabled
- Random data pattern.

### ➤ SQFlash 920-D 2.5" PCIe SSD TBW

	WAF	TBW
		3D TLC (BiCS5)
480 GB	2.2	635
960 GB	2.0	1500
1920 GB	1.9	3200
3840 GB	1.9	6400
7680 GB	1.9	12900



## 4. General Description

### ■ Error Correction Code (ECC)

Flash memory cells will deteriorate with use, which might generate random bit errors in the stored data. Thus, SQFlash 920-D series PCIe SSD applies the LDPC with RAID ECC algorithm, which can detect and correct errors occur during read process, ensure data been read correctly, as well as protect data from corruption.

### ■ Wear Leveling

NAND flash devices can only undergo a limited number of program/erase cycles, and in most cases, the flash media are not used evenly. If some areas get updated more frequently than others, the lifetime of the device would be reduced significantly. Thus, Wear Leveling is applied to extend the lifespan of NAND Flash by evenly distributing write and erase cycles across the media.

SQFlash provides advanced Wear Leveling algorithm, which can efficiently spread out the flash usage through the whole flash media area. Moreover, by implementing both dynamic and static Wear Leveling algorithms, the life expectancy of the NAND flash is greatly improved.

### ■ Bad Block Management

Bad blocks are blocks that include one or more invalid bits, and their reliability is not guaranteed. Blocks that are identified and marked as bad by the manufacturer are referred to as "Initial Bad Blocks". Bad blocks that are developed during the lifespan of the flash are named "Later Bad Blocks". SQFlash implements an efficient bad block management algorithm to detect the factory-produced bad blocks and manages any bad blocks that appear with use. This practice further prevents data being stored into bad blocks and improves the data reliability.

### ■ Power Loss Protection

#### – Flush Manager

Power Loss Protection is a mechanism to prevent data loss during unexpected power failure. DRAM is a volatile memory and frequently used as temporary cache or buffer between the controller and the NAND flash to improve the SSD performance. However, one major concern of the DRAM is that it is not able to keep data during power failure. Accordingly, SQFlash SSD applies the Flush Manager technology, only when the data is fully committed to the NAND flash will the controller send acknowledgement (ACK) to the host. Such implementation can prevent false-positive performance and the risk of power cycling issues.

In addition, it is critical for a controller to shorten the time the in-flight data stays in the controller internal cache. Thus, SQFlash applies an algorithm to reduce the amount of data resides in the cache to provide a better performance. With Flush Manager, incoming data would only have a "pit stop" in the cache and then move to NAND flash directly. Also, the onboard DDR will be treated as an "organizer" to consolidate incoming data into groups before written into the flash to improve write amplification.

#### – Voltage Stabilizer (optional)

While the built-in voltage detector detects an unstable power input ( $< 11.4\text{ V}$  or  $> 12.6\text{ V}$ ), the controller will issue a power failure interrupt and force a Flush CMD first. At the same time, the whole internal power supply will be switched to Voltage Stabilizer immediately to ensure stable power is supplied throughout the whole drive. This ensures the Flash IC and DDR IC will not operate with unstable power which could lead to data errors or bad data integrity.

### ■ TRIM

TRIM is a feature which helps improve the read/write performance and speed of solid-state drives (SSD). Unlike hard disk drives (HDD), SSDs are not able to overwrite existing data, so the available space gradually becomes smaller with each use. With the TRIM command, the operating system can inform the SSD which blocks of data are no longer in use and can be removed permanently. Thus, the SSD will perform the erase action, which prevents unused data from occupying blocks all the time.

## ■ SMART

SMART, an acronym for Self-Monitoring, Analysis and Reporting Technology, is an open standard that allows a hard disk drive to automatically detect its health and report potential failures. When a failure is recorded by SMART, users can choose to replace the drive to prevent unexpected outage or data loss. Moreover, SMART can inform users of impending failures while there is still time to perform proactive actions, such as copy data to another device.

## ■ Over-Provision

Over Provisioning refers to the inclusion of extra NAND capacity in a SSD, which is not visible and cannot be used by users. With Over Provisioning, the performance and IOPS (Input/Output Operations per Second) are improved by providing the controller additional space to manage P/E cycles, which enhances the reliability and endurance as well. Moreover, the write amplification of the SSD becomes lower when the controller writes data to the flash.

## ■ Thermal Throttling

Thermal Throttling function is for protecting the drive and reducing the possibility of read / write error due to overheat. The temperature is monitored by the thermal sensor. As the operating temperature continues to increase to threshold temperature, the Thermal Throttling mechanism is activated. At this time, the performance of the drive will be significantly decreased to avoid continuous heating. When the operating temperature falls below threshold temperature, the drive can resume to normal operation.

## ■ Advanced Device Security Features

### • Advanced Encryption Standard (AES)

An AES 256-bit encryption key is generated in the drive's security controller before the data gets stored on the NAND flash. When the controller or firmware fails, the data that is securely stored in the encryption key becomes inaccessible through the NAND flash.

### • OPAL 2.0 support

SQFlash 920-D series supports standard OPAL 2.0 function for advance Self-Encryption Drive (SED) feature sets. Advantech provides also user friendly interface for setting disk / system bonding to prevent SSD be used in non-authorized platforms, which is called Flash Lock function.

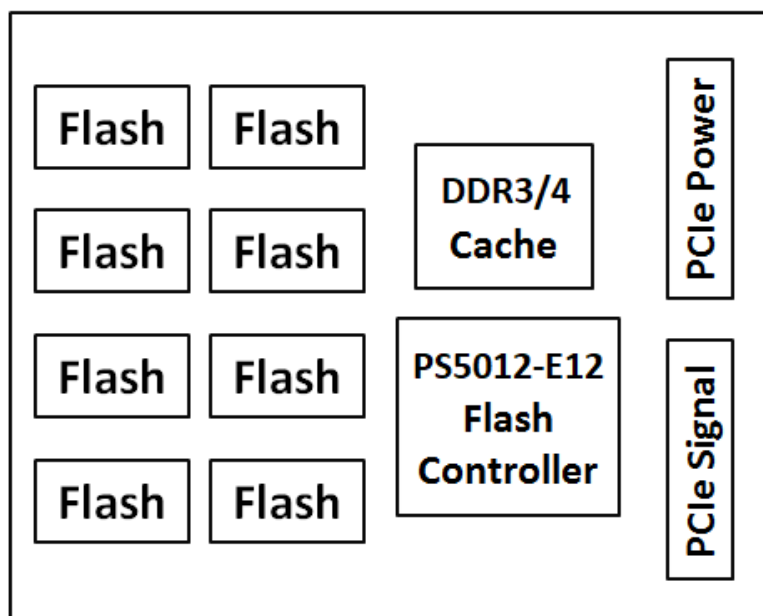
### • Secure Erase Function

SQFlash 920-D series supports standard NVMe command for secure erase function; when the SSD controller receive the secure erase command, the erase process will reset all blocks and erase all of the user data in the SSD.

### • Sanitize Function

SQFlash 920-D series default implement NVMe Sanitize Device Feature set, which supports the command set of Block Erase, Overwritten and Crypto Scramble. With the internal AES encryption support, the Crypto Scrambel process will start with resetting AES key. By doing so, existing data will be scrambled within 10ms and cannot be recovered anymore. Moreover, erase flag is set when erase function is triggered, which will ensure the whole erase process can be 100% completed. Even there's power interrupt, after power resume, erase operation will be resume right away as well.

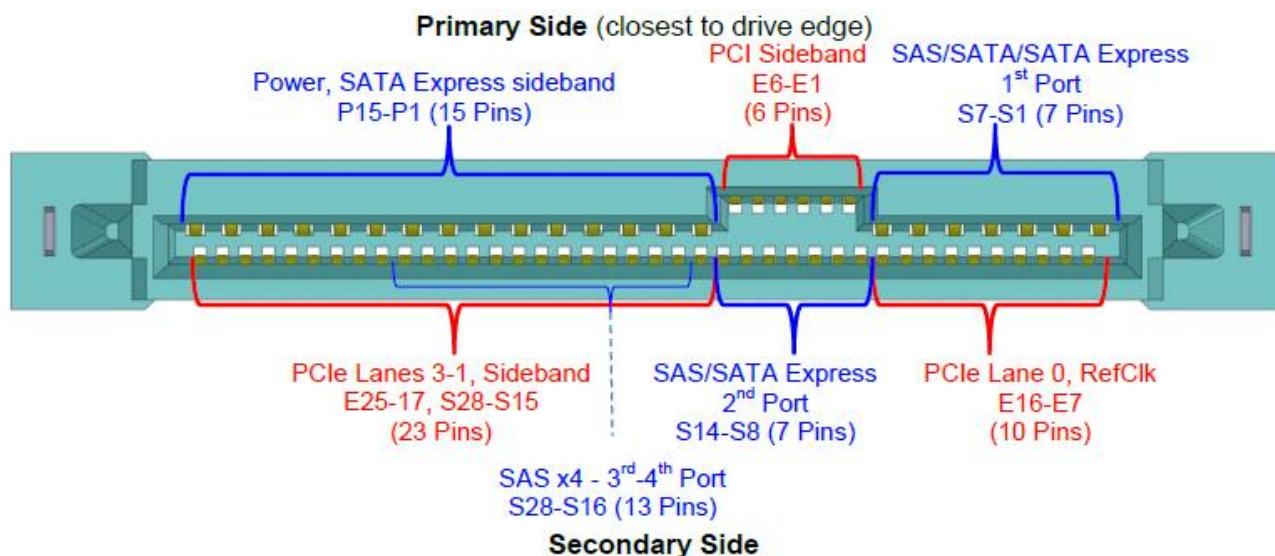
### ■ Block Diagram



### ■ LBA value

Density (GB)	LBA
480	937,703,088
960	1,875,385,008
1920	3,750,748,848
3840	7,501,476,528
7680	15,002,931,888

## 5. Pin Assignment and Description



Pin Number	Name	Type	Description
<b>Power Segment</b>			
P1	WAKE#	Input	Signal for Link reactivation
P2	-	-	Outside scope of this specification
P3	CLKREQ#	Bi-Dir	Clock request
P4	IfDet#	Input	Interface Type Detect
P5	Ground	Ground	Ground
P6	Ground	Ground	Ground
P7	-	-	Outside scope of this specification
P8	-	-	Outside scope of this specification
P9	-	-	Outside scope of this specification
P10	PRSENT#	Input	Presence detect
P11	Activity	Input	
P12	Ground	Ground	Ground
P13	+12V Precharge	Power	+12V Precharge power for SFF-8639 module
P14	+12V	Power	+12V power for SFF-8639 module
P15	+12V	Power	+12V power for SFF-8639 module
<b>Signal Segment (SATA / SATA Express / SAS)</b>			
S1	Ground	Ground	Ground
S2	-	-	Outside scope of this specification
S3	-	-	Outside scope of this specification
S4	Ground	Ground	Ground
S5	-	-	Outside scope of this specification
S6	-	-	Outside scope of this specification
S7	Ground	Ground	Ground
S8	Ground	Ground	Ground
S9	-	-	Outside scope of this specification
S10	-	-	Outside scope of this specification
S11	Ground	Ground	Ground
S12	-	-	Outside scope of this specification
S13	-	-	Outside scope of this specification
S14	Ground	Ground	Ground
S15	Reserved	-	Reserved

Specifications subject to change without notice, contact your sales representatives for the most update information.

S16	Ground	Ground	Ground
S17	PETp1	Diff-Pair	Transmitter differential pair, Lane 1
S18	PETn1	Diff-Pair	Transmitter differential pair, Lane 1
S19	Ground	Ground	Ground
S20	PERn1	Diff-Pair	Receiver differential pair, Lane 1
S21	PERp1	Diff-Pair	Receiver differential pair, Lane 1
S22	Ground	Ground	Ground
S23	PETp2	Diff-Pair	Transmitter differential pair, Lane 2
S24	PETn2	Diff-Pair	Transmitter differential pair, Lane 2
S25	Ground	Ground	Ground
S26	PERn2	Diff-Pair	Receiver differential pair, Lane 2
S27	PERp2	Diff-Pair	Receiver differential pair, Lane 2
S28	Ground	Ground	Ground
<b>Signal Segment (PCIe)</b>			
E1	REFCLKB+	Diff-Pair	Reference clock (differential pair) for second X2 port
E2	REFCLKB-	Diff-Pair	Reference clock (differential pair) for second X2 port
E3	+3.3 Vaux	Power	3.3 V auxiliary power
E4	PERSTB#	Output	Fundamental reset for second X2 port
E5	PERST#	Output	Fundamental reset (if dual-port enabled, first X2 port)
E6	Reserved	-	Reserved
E7	REFCLK+	Diff-Pair	Reference clock (if dual-port enabled, first X2 port)
E8	REFCLK-	Diff-Pair	Reference clock (if dual-port enabled, first X2 port)
E9	Ground	Ground	Ground
E10	PETp0	Diff-Pair	Transmitter differential pair, Lane 0
E11	PETn0	Diff-Pair	Transmitter differential pair, Lane 0
E12	Ground	Ground	Ground
E13	PERn0	Diff-Pair	Receiver differential pair, Lane 0
E14	PERp0	Diff-Pair	Receiver differential pair, Lane 0
E15	Ground	Ground	Ground
E16	Reserved	-	Reserved
E17	PETp3	Diff-Pair	Transmitter differential pair, Lane 3
E18	PETn3	Diff-Pair	Transmitter differential pair, Lane 3
E19	Ground	Ground	Ground
E20	PERn3	Diff-Pair	Receiver differential pair, Lane 3
E21	PERp3	Diff-Pair	Receiver differential pair, Lane 3
E22	Ground	Ground	Ground
E23	SMCLK	Bi-Dir	SMBus (System Management Bus) clock
E24	SMDAT	Bi-Dir	SMBus (System Management Bus) data
E25	DualPortEn#	Output	Dual-port Enable

## 6. NVMe Command List

### ■ Admin commands

Opcode	Command Description
00h	Delete I/O Submission Queue
01h	Create I/O Submission Queue
02h	Get Log Page
04h	Delete I/O Completion Queue
05h	Create I/O Completion Queue
06h	Identify
08h	Abort
09h	Set Features
0Ah	Get Features
0Ch	Asynchronous Event Request
10h	Firmware Activate
11h	Firmware Image Download
<b>I/O Command Set Specific</b>	
80h	Format NVM
81h	Security Send
82h	Security Receive
83h-BFh	I/O Command Set specific
<b>Vendor Specific</b>	
C0h-FFh	Vendor specific

### ■ NVM commands

Opcode	Command Description
00h	Flush
01h	Write
02h	Read
04h	Write Uncorrectable
05h	Compare
08h	Write Zeroes
09h	Dataset Management
0Dh	Reservation Register
0Eh	Reservation Report
11h	Reservation Acquire
15h	Reservation Release
<b>Vendor Specific</b>	
80h – FFh	Vendor specific

## 7. Identify Device Data

The Identify Device Data enables Host to receive parameter information from the device. The parameter words in the buffer have the arrangement and meanings defined in below table. All reserve bits or words are zero

### ■ Identify Controller Data Structure

Bytes	Description
<b>Controller Capabilities and Features</b>	
01:00	PCI Vendor ID (VID)
03:02	PCI Subsystem Vendor ID (SSVID)
23:04	Serial Number (SN)
63:24	Model Number (MN)
71:64	Firmware Revision (FR)
72	Recommended Arbitration Burst (RAB)
75:73	IEEE OUI Identifier (IEEE)
76	Controller Multi-Path I/O and Namespace Sharing Capabilities (CMIC)
77	Maximum Data Transfer Size (MDTS)
255:80	Reserved
<b>Admin Command Set Attributes &amp; Optional Controller Capabilities</b>	
257:256	Optional Admin Command Support (OACS)
258	Abort Command Limit (ACL)
259	Asynchronous Event Request Limit (AERL)
260	Firmware Updates (FRMW)
261	Log Page Attributes (LPA)
262	Error Log Page Entries (ELPE)
263	Number of Power States Support (NPSS)
264	Admin Vendor Specific Command Configuration (AVSCC)
265	Autonomous Power State Transition Attributes (APSTA)
511:266	Reserved
<b>NVM Command Set Attributes</b>	
512	Submission Queue Entry Size (SQES)
513	Completion Queue Entry Size (CQES)
515:514	Reserved
519:516	Number of Namespaces (NN)
521:520	Optional NVM Command Support (ONCS)
523:522	Fused Operation Support (FUSES)
524	Format NVM Attributes (FNA)
525	Volatile Write Cache (VWC)
527:526	Atomic Write Unit Normal (AWUN)
529:528	Atomic Write Unit Power Fail (AWUPF)
530	NVM Vendor Specific Command Configuration (NVSCC)
531	Reserved
533:532	Atomic Compare & Write Unit (ACWU)
535:534	Reserved
539:536	SGL Support (SGLS)
703:540	Reserved



## ■ Identify Namespace Data Structure & NVM Command Set Specific

Bytes	Description
7:0	Namespace Size (NSZE)
15:8	Namespace Capacity (NCAP)
23:16	Namespace Utilization (NUSE)
24	Namespace Features (NSFEAT)
25	Number of LBA Formats (NLBAF)
26	Formatted LBA Size (FLBAS)
27	Metadata Capabilities (MC)
28	End-to-end Data Protection Capabilities (DPC)
29	End-to-end Data Protection Type Settings (DPS)
30	Namespace Multi-path I/O and Namespace Sharing Capabilities (NMIC)
31	Reservation Capabilities (RESCAP)
119:32	Reserved
127:120	IEEE Extended Unique Identifier (EUI64)
131:128	LBA Format 0 Support (LBAF0)
135:132	LBA Format 1 Support (LBAF1)
139:136	LBA Format 2 Support (LBAF2)
143:140	LBA Format 3 Support (LBAF3)
147:144	LBA Format 4 Support (LBAF4)
151:148	LBA Format 5 Support (LBAF5)
155:152	LBA Format 6 Support (LBAF6)
159:156	LBA Format 7 Support (LBAF7)
163:160	LBA Format 8 Support (LBAF8)
167:164	LBA Format 9 Support (LBAF9)
171:168	LBA Format 10 Support (LBAF10)
175:172	LBA Format 11 Support (LBAF11)
179:176	LBA Format 12 Support (LBAF12)
183:180	LBA Format 13 Support (LBAF13)
187:184	LBA Format 14 Support (LBAF14)
191:188	LBA Format 15 Support (LBAF15)
383:192	Reserved
4095:384	Vendor Specific (VS)

## ■ List of Device Identification for Each Capacity

Capacity (GB)	Byte[7:0]: Namespace Size (NSZE)
480	37E436B0h
960	6FC81AB0h
1920	DF8FE2B0h
3840	1BF1F72B0h
7680	37E3E92B0h



## 8. SMART Attributes

ID	ATTRIBUTE_NAME	Byte index	
01h	Critical Warning	[0]	-
02h	Composite Temperature	[2:1]	°K
03h	Available Spare	[3]	%
04h	Available Spare Threshold	[4]	%
05h	Percentage Used	[5]	%
06h	Data Units Read	[47:32]	1000 Sectors
07h	Data Units Written(Host Write)	[63:48]	1000 Sectors
08h	Host Read Commands	[79:64]	count
09h	Host Write Commands	[95:80]	count
0Ah	Controller Busy Time	[111:96]	mins
0Bh	Power Cycles	[127:112]	count
0Ch	Power On Hours	[143:128]	hours
0Dh	Unsafe Shutdowns	[159:144]	count
0Eh	Media Errors	[175:160]	times
0Fh	Number of Error Information Log Entries	[191:176]	count
1Ah	Warning Composite Temperature Time	[195:192]	mins
1Bh	Critical Composite Temperature Time	[199:196]	mins
1Ch	Flash Read Sector	[7:0]	sector
1Dh	Flash Write Sector	[15:8]	sector
1Eh	UNC Error	[23:16]	count
1Fh	PHY Error	[27:24]	count
20h	Early Bad Block	[31:28]	count
21h	Later Bad Block	[35:32]	count
22h	Max Erase Count	[39:36]	count
23h	Average Erase Count	[43:40]	count
24h	Current Percent Spares	[51:44]	%
25h	Current Temperature	[53:52]	°K
26h	Lowest Temperature	[55:54]	°K
27h	Highest Temperature	[57:56]	°K
28h	Reserved	[59:58]	-
29h	Current Controller Temperature	[61:60]	°K
2Ah	Spare Blocks	[63:62]	count

## 9. System Power Consumption

### ■ Supply Voltage

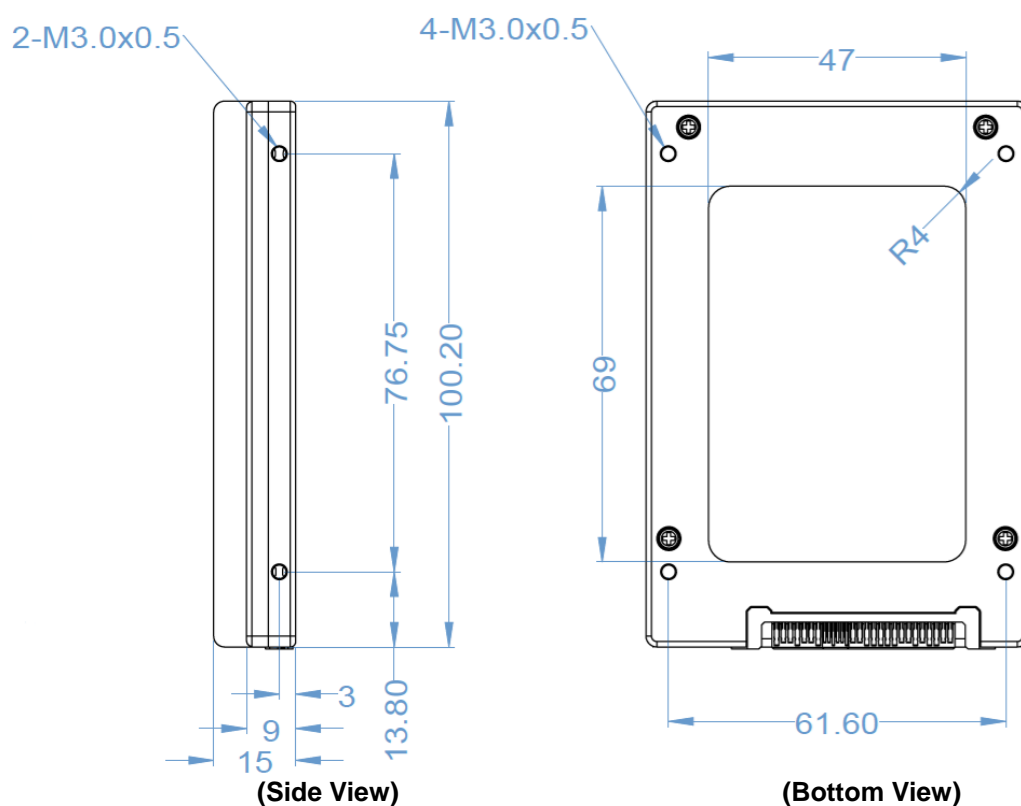
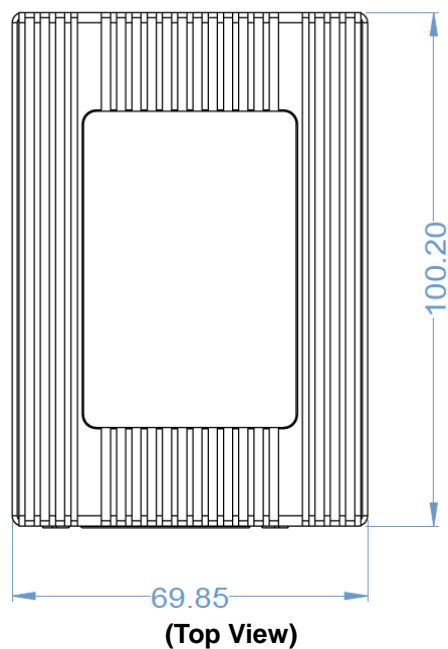
Parameter	Rating
Operating Voltage	12V +/- 5%

### ■ Power Consumption

(Unit: mW)		Read	Write	Idle
3D TLC (BiCS5)	480 GB	5,000	5,000	1,600
	960 GB	5,500	5,500	2,100
	1920 GB	6,500	6,500	2,200
	3840 GB	7,000	6,500	2,400
	7680 GB	7,000	6,500	2,200

### 10. Physical Dimension

2.5" U.2 SSD (Unit: mm)



## Appendix: Part Number Table

Product	Advantech PN
SQF 920-D NVMe U.2 SSD (OPAL) 480G 3D TLC (BiCS5) (0~70°C)	SQF-C25V8-480GDECC
SQF 920-D NVMe U.2 SSD (OPAL) 960G 3D TLC (BiCS5) (0~70°C)	SQF-C25V8-960GDECC
SQF 920-D NVMe U.2 SSD (OPAL) 1920G 3D TLC (BiCS5) (0~70°C)	SQF-C25VF-1K9GDECC
SQF 920-D NVMe U.2 SSD (OPAL) 3840G 3D TLC (BiCS5) (0~70°C)	SQF-C25VF-3K8GDECC
SQF 920-D NVMe U.2 SSD (OPAL) 7680G 3D TLC (BiCS5) (0~70°C)	SQF-C25VF-7K6GDECC
SQF 920-D NVMe U.2 SSD (OPAL) 480G 3D TLC (BiCS5) (-40~85°C)	SQF-C25V8-480GDECE
SQF 920-D NVMe U.2 SSD (OPAL) 960G 3D TLC (BiCS5) (-40~85°C)	SQF-C25V8-960GDECE
SQF 920-D NVMe U.2 SSD (OPAL) 1920G 3D TLC (BiCS5) (-40~85°C)	SQF-C25VF-1K9GDECE
SQF 920-D NVMe U.2 SSD (OPAL) 3840G 3D TLC (BiCS5) (-40~85°C)	SQF-C25VF-3K8GDECE
SQF 920-D NVMe U.2 SSD (OPAL) 7680G 3D TLC (BiCS5) (-40~85°C)	SQF-C25VF-7K6GDECE